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Health Education For Adolescents - Teachers Opinion

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## Abstract:

Approximately $80 \%$ of worlds children live in developing countries ,their well being as adults depends heavily on the education they receive. The developing country like India has to opt for education as one of the most important and useful tool to achieve National development. India adopted the National policy for children in Aug 1974,The policy declares, It shall be the policy of the state to provide adequate services to children both before \&after birth\& through the period of growth ,to ensure their full physical, mental \&social development and recognized children as the 'Nations Supremely important asset' School education has been described as a "Social Vaccine" and it can serve as a powerful preventive tool. Teachers play vital role in the teaching set ups As they play unique role in molding the personality of the students during their formative period of school life Which will intern effect the future generation in their overall development. Introduction of Health education at this stage is very important attempt has been made to know the teachers opinion regarding the same.

Key words :Adolescents Health education Teachers High Schools

## 1. Introduction

Teachers have a special role of "GURU" in Indian socio cultural setup .Teachers in many developing countries are well respected leaders and viewed as role models by students and their families and they therefore have important impact on learning and actions. Teachers play vital role in the teaching set ups As they play unique role in molding the personality of the students during their formative period of school life Which will intern effect the future generation in their overall development ${ }^{1}$. In India there are school teachers in most villages and their number is five times more than health workers .Teachers when committed and trained can be an invaluable resource for health education both in school and in the community. The twin goals of "Education for all and Health for all" are inseparably linked .Good health is essential for effective learning and education is a means of empowering children and adults to attain and maintain health and ensure wellbeing ${ }^{2}$
Role of teachers in health education. Health education for all is an essential component and it can only succeed if teachers take this onerous responsibility the role of primary school teachers in health and other aspects of education is pivotal. The teachers task should go beyond imparting of basic knowledge to include equipping children with skills and shaping attitude towards learning ${ }^{3}$.

Health education is complex activity in which different individuals and organizations play a oart. Among them are parents, teachers, friends, physicians, nurses, health workers and various organization, governmental and non-governmental. No country in the world, least of all a country with a large population and small resources such as India can afford to employ institutionally trained health workers therefore health education should be the concern of everybody engaged in any form of community welfare work. ${ }^{4}$ During the past few decades a number of health education models have been developed they include Medical model, Motivational model, and Social interventional model. ${ }^{5}$

Whatever model can be utilized to render health education, the scope of health education extends beyond the conventional health sector. It covers every aspect of family and community health while no definite training curricular can be proposed, content of health education may be divided into the following deviations for the sake of simplicity, since health education has a limited impact when directed from general education most of the needed information must be integrated in to the educational system and must have the young population as the Principle target, Human biology, Nutrition, Hygiene, Family health Disease preventional and control, mental health prevention of accidents and use of
health services. ${ }^{6}$ Approximately $80 \%$ of worlds children live in developing countries ,their well being as adults depends heavily on the education they receive ${ }^{7}$ The developing country like India has to opt for education as one of the most important and useful tool to achieve National development. India adopted the National policy for children in Aug 1974,The policy declares, It shall be the policy of the state to provide adequate services to children both before \&after birth\& through the period of growth ,to ensure their full physical, mental \&social development and recognized children as the 'Nations Supremely important asset ${ }^{\text {" } 8}$ School education is a complex process and many multidimensional factors influences the teaching process School education has been described as a "Social Vaccine" and it can serve as a powerful preventive tool ${ }^{* 9}$
To know and probe what actually are the opinion of teacher dealing with Adolescents students at high schools, the present study title "High School Teachers opinion about Health Education for Adolescents" intends to elicit the teacher opinion about health education who are working in high school of Bijapur district of Karnataka state which is one of the Socio economically backward district. ${ }^{10}$

## 2. Aims and Objectives

- To focus on the opinion of teachers about health education in schools
- To know the relationship between gender and subject of teachers with their opinion about health education in schools


## 3. Material and methods

- Study area:

Bijapur District Karnataka

- Study design: Cross sectional
- Study setting: High schools total 30 schools covered
- Sample size :

162 teachers

- Study period:

Nov2010 to March 2011

- Study technique:

Questionnaire

- Statistical analysis:

Percentage and chi square

## 4. Results and Discussions

Out of total 162 teachers $114[70 \%$ ] male and $48[30 \%$ ] female. teachers participated in the study $79[49 \%$ ] were from rural schools and $83[51 \%$ ] were from urban schools.

Among 162 teachers language teachers were maximum i. e $61[38 \%$ ] followed by science teachers $55[34 \%$ ], e $27[17 \%$ ] .Sports $13[8 \%$ ] and Gk/Draw/comp were only $6[4 \%], 104[64 \%]$ were full time permanent teachers and $58[36 \%$ ] were temporary/part time teachers

| Type of school | Necessary | Not Necessary | Not answered | Total |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | NO | $\%$ | NO | $\%$ | NO | $\%$ | NO | $\%$ |
| Govt School | 27 | $(18)$ | 1 | $(50)$ | 2 | $(29)$ | 30 | $(18)$ |
| Private Unaided | 34 | $(22)$ | 0 | ----- | 2 | $(29)$ | 36 | $(22)$ |
| Pri vate Aided | 92 | $(60)$ | 1 | $(50)$ | 3 | $(42)$ | 96 | $(60)$ |
| Total | 153 | $(100)$ | 2 | $(100)$ | 7 | $(100)$ | 162 | $(100)$ |

Table1:Distribution of teachers according to type of school and their opinion about
Health education in school

### 4.1.Table No 1

Distribution of teachers according to type of school and opinion about health education in schools, among the total 162 maximum 96 ( $59 \%$ )were from private aided schools $36(22 \%)$ were from private unaided school teachers and 30 ( $19 \%$ ) belonged to government schools .Maximum teachers $153(94 \%)$ opined that health education is necessary and $60 \%$ teachers working in private aided schools felt Health education is necessary at schools followed by $22 \%$ private unaided school teachers , 18\% government school teachers Pooled $\mathrm{x} 2=1.482 \quad \mathrm{P}=0.477 \quad$ No association found between type of school and the teachers opinion about health education at schools

| Medium of Instruction | Necessary <br> NO <br> \% | Not Necessary |  | Not answeredNO \% |  | Total |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | NO | \% |  |  | NO |  |
| English | 54 (35) | 1 | (50) | ----- |  |  | (34) |
| Kannada | 60 (39) | 1 | (50) |  | (57) |  | (40) |
| Urdu | 39 (26) | 0 --------- |  |  | (43) |  | (26) |
| Total | 153 (100) | 2 | (100) |  | (100) |  |  |

Table 2:Distribution of teachers according to Medium of instruction and their opinion about Health education in school

### 4.2.Table No 2

Medium of instruction of teachers and their opinion about health education It is found in this study That. Maximum teachers 60 (39\%) were from Kannada medium schools followed by
English medium 54 (35\%) and Urdu medium teachers were 39 (26\%) were of the opinion that health education is necessary in the schools X2=13.228 $\mathrm{P}=0.01$ there is No Association between medium of instruction of teachers and their opinion about health education at schools

| Gender | Necessary <br> NO \% | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Not Necessary } \\ & \text { NO } \end{aligned}$ | Not answered NO \% | Total <br> NO \% |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Female | 46 (30) | 01 (50) | 01 (14) | 48 (30) |
| Male | 107 (70) | 01 (50) | 06 (86) | 114 (70) |
| Total | 153 (100) | 02 (100) | 07 (100) | $\begin{gathered} 162 \\ (100) \end{gathered}$ |

Table no 3:Gender of teachers and their opinion about Health education in school

### 4.3.Table No 3

Gender of teachers and their opinion about health education among the 162 teachers 114 (70\%) were Male teachers and 48( 30\%)female teachers. Maximum 107(70\%) male teachers and $46(30 \%)$ female teachers have opined that health education is necessary in schools. Pooled $\times 2=0.2251 \quad \mathrm{P}=0.617 \quad$ There is No Association between gender of teachers and their opinion about health education.

| Experience in years | Necessary | Not <br> Necessary | Not answered | Total |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | NO \% | NO \% |
| 1-5 | 37 (24) | 01 (33) | 3 (43) | 41 (30) |
| 5-10 | $30 \quad$ (20) | 01 (33) | - | 31 (19) |
| 10-15 | $30 \quad$ (20) | 01 (33) | 2 (29) | 33 (20) |
| 15-20 | 17 (11) | - | - | 17 (10) |
| 20-25 | 14 (09) | - | 1 (14) | 15 (09) |
| 25-30 | 17 (11) | - | 1 (14) | 18 (11) |
| >30 | 07 (05) | - | - | 07 (04) |
| Total | 152 (100) | 03 (100) | 07 (100) | 162 (100) |

Pooled $x^{2}=4.693 \quad P=0.5837 \quad$ no association found
Table no 4:Experience of teachers and their opinion about Health education in school

### 4.4.Table No 4

Experience of teachers and their opinion about health education it is found that the highest percentage of teachers i.e 37 ( $24 \%$ ) who had 1 to 5 yrs of experience felt the need of health education at schools followed by $20 \%$ of teachers who had 5 to 10 and 10 to 15 yrs experience and 0 nly $5 \%$ those who had more than 30 years of experience opined health education at school is necessary Pooled $\mathrm{x} 2=4.693$ $\mathrm{P}=0.5837$ No association was found between number of years of experience and their Opinion about health education

## 5. Conclusion

- Teachers have opined that health education at schools is necessary ,study shows that

Teachers are very much concerned about health of adolescents The concerned authorities
have to utilize this resource

- There is utter need to orient , Train and refresh teachers on important issue like Health education at schools
- Whatever IEC material comes to Government hospitals PHC/CHC must be made available to school teachers for dissimilation of health message .
- Participation of Medical colleges , Education department ,NGO's ,SHG's, NSS volunteers and local leaders can play the role of catalyst in this issue like health education at schools


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